

# Activate and Use Xdebug

Xdebug is a powerful open source debugger and profiler for PHP. It is included with XAMPP and can be used to display stack traces, analyze code coverage and profile your PHP code.

To activate Xdebug, follow these steps:

1. Edit the `php.ini` file in the `etc/` subdirectory of your XAMPP installation directory (usually, `/Applications/XAMPP/`). Within this file, activate the Xdebug extension by adding the following line to it:

```
extension = xdebug.so
```

2. Restart the Apache server using the XAMPP control panel.

Xdebug should now be active. To verify this, browse to the URL <http://localhost/xampp/phpinfo.php>, which displays the output of the `phpinfo()` command. Look through the script and verify that the Xdebug extension is now active.

WDDX Support		enabled
WDDX Session Serializer	enabled	

**xdebug**

xdebug support		enabled
Version	2.2.3	
IDE Key		

**XDEBUG NOT LOADED AS ZEND EXTENSION**

Supported protocols		Revision
DBGp - Common DeBugger Protocol	\$Revision: 1.145 \$	

Directive	Local Value	Master Value
xdebug.auto_trace	Off	Off
xdebug.cli_color	0	0
xdebug.collect_assignments	Off	Off
xdebug.collect_includes	On	On
xdebug.collect_params	0	0
xdebug.collect_return	Off	Off
xdebug.collect_vars	Off	Off

Xdebug overloads the default `var_dump()` function with its own version that includes (among other things) color coding for different PHP types, so you can see it in action immediately by using the `var_dump()` function in a PHP script. For example, create a simple PHP script in the `htdocs/` subdirectory of your XAMPP installation directory with the following content:

```
<?php
var_dump($_SERVER);
```

When you view your script through a browser, here's an example of what you might see:

```
array (size=31)
  'UNIQUE_ID' => string 'VS4556wQLQEAAARG@m0AAAD' (length=24)
  'HTTP_HOST' => string 'localhost' (length=9)
  'HTTP_USER_AGENT' => [string 'Mozilla/5.0 (Macintosh; Intel Mac OS X 10_8_2) AppleWebKit/537.31 (KHTML, like Gecko) Chrome/26.0.1410.43 Safari/537.31'] (length=100)
  'HTTP_ACCEPT' => string 'text/html,application/xhtml+xml,application/xml;q=0.9,*/*;*' (length=50)
  'HTTP_ACCEPT_LANGUAGE' => string 'en-us' (length=5)
  'HTTP_ACCEPT_ENCODING' => string 'gzip, deflate' (length=13)
  'HTTP_CONNECTION' => string 'keep-alive' (length=10)
  'PATH' => string '/sbin:/usr/sbin:/usr/local/sbin:/usr/bin:/bin:/usr/sbin:/sbin' (length=50)
  'DYLD_LIBRARY_PATH' => string '/Applications/XAMPP/xamppfiles/lib:/Applications/XAMPP/lib' (length=50)
  'SERVER_SIGNATURE' => string '' (length=0)
  'SERVER_SOFTWARE' => string 'Apache/2.4.10 (Unix) OpenSSL/1.0.1j PHP/5.6.3 mod_perl2' (length=50)
  'SERVER_NAME' => string 'localhost' (length=9)
  'SERVER_ADDR' => string '::1' (length=3)
  'SERVER_PORT' => string '80' (length=2)
  'REMOTE_ADDR' => string '::1' (length=3)
  'DOCUMENT_ROOT' => string '/Applications/XAMPP/htdocs/' (length=27)
  'REQUEST_SCHEME' => string 'http' (length=4)
  'CONTEXT_PREFIX' => string '' (length=0)
  'CONTEXT_DOCUMENT_ROOT' => string '/Applications/XAMPP/htdocs/' (length=27)
  'SERVER_ADMIN' => string 'you@example.com' (length=15)
  'SCRIPT_FILENAME' => string '/Applications/XAMPP/htdocs/xampp/xdebug.php' (length=40)
  'REMOTE_PORT' => string '58059' (length=5)
  'GATEWAY_INTERFACE' => string 'CGI/1.1' (length=7)
  'SERVER_PROTOCOL' => string 'HTTP/1.1' (length=8)
  'REQUEST_METHOD' => string 'GET' (length=3)
```

One of Xdebug's most powerful features is its ability to profile a PHP script and produce detailed statistics on

how long each function call or line of code takes to execute. This can be very useful for performance analysis of complex scripts. To turn on script profiling, follow these steps:

1. Edit the *php.ini* file in the *etc/* subdirectory of your XAMPP installation directory. Within this file, add the following section:

```
[XDebug]
xdebug.profiler_append = 0
xdebug.profiler_enable = 1
xdebug.profiler_enable_trigger = 0
xdebug.profiler_output_dir = "/tmp"
xdebug.profiler_output_name = "cachegrind.out.%t-%s"
```

2. Restart the Apache server using the XAMPP control panel.

At this point, XDebug profiling is active. Every PHP script that you run will be profiled and the results will be placed in the */tmp/* directory as a so-called cachegrind file. You can view this cachegrind file with a tool like [WebGrind](#) or [qcachegrind](#), which you must download and install separately.

**TIP** | To find out more about Xdebug's powerful features, [read the Xdebug documentation](#).